

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

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PORTO RICO PEOPLE.

Will They Be Naturalized as a Whole by Uncle Sam?

IT IS NOW UP TO CONGRESS.

The State Department Contends That the Treaty of Peace Provides For a Bodily Transfer of Citizenship from Spain.

Washington, Oct. 19.—In view of the fact that with the acquisition of the island of Porto Rico by the United States, about 800,000 inhabitants of that island lost their Spanish citizenship, the question as to what shall become of these people politically becomes of importance.

Madrid advises report that leading citizens in Porto Rico have already taken steps to become naturalized as United States citizens. This is an error, for existing law provides no way in which this change of citizenship can be effected by the residents of the island. There is no United States court there before which a declaration of intention can be filed, and in fact no machinery at all which can be put in motion to change citizenship.

Inquiry into this subject at the state department discloses the fact that it has been usual to provide for a bodily transfer of the citizenship of people conditioned as those in Porto Rico, in the treaty of peace which terminates a war. It may be prudent for the commission at Paris to avoid any reference to Porto Rico again, in which case congress will be called upon by the president to confer citizenship upon the Porto Ricans in the same act as that which must be passed to provide a stable form of government for the island.

Should either of these courses be found to be impractical, international law in its operation would confer American citizenship upon these Porto Ricans, the general principle being that where a treaty of cession is silent upon the subject citizenship changes with the soil. In the case of the acquisition of New Mexico, the residents of the territory were given American citizenship by specific provision of the treaty.

OLD GLORY

Now Proudly Flies Over the Capital of Porto Rico, San Juan.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Oct. 19.—The American flag has been raised over San Juan. The ceremony was quiet and dignified, unmarrred by disorder of any kind.

The Eleventh regular infantry, with two batteries of the Fifth artillery, landed, the latter proceeding to the forts, while the infantry lined up on the docks. It was a holiday for San Juan, and there were many people in the streets. Rear Admiral Schley and General Gordon, accompanied by their staffs, proceeded to the palace in carriages. The Eleventh infantry regiment and band, with troop H of the Sixth United States cavalry, then marched through the streets and formed in the square opposite the palace.

General Brooke, Admiral Schley and General Gordon, the United States evacuation commissioners, came out of the palace, with many naval officers, and formed on the right side of the square. The streets behind the soldiers were thronged with townspeople, who stood waiting in dead silence. At last the city clock struck the hour of noon, and the crowds, almost breathless and with eyes fixed upon the flagpole, watched for developments. At the sound of the first gun from Fort Morro, Major Dean and Lieutenant Castle of General Brooke's staff hoisted the stars and stripes, while the band played "The Star Spangled Banner." All heads were bared and the crowds cheered. Fort Morro, Fort San Cristobal and the United States revenue cutter Manning, lying in the harbor, fired 21 guns each, and the ceremony was over.

FILTHY HAVANA.

Havana, Oct. 19.—Colonel Waring of the United States sanitary commission will forward to Washington an extensive report dwelling particularly upon the filthy condition of this city, which is the real cause of all the infectious diseases. The trouble seems to be that the work of sweeping the streets is let out by contract and the contractor claims the city now owes him \$40,000, without which he cannot buy carts or mules or pay wages to continue the service.

Embarking for Spain.

Havana, Oct. 19.—The Spanish military commissioners have notified the American military commissioners that the steamer Colon will take on board at Nuevitas, province of Puerto Principe, the sick soldiers now in that part of the country. The Spanish troops of the Cojimar garrison are be-

ing concentrated at Guanabacoa preparatory to being embarked for Spain.

Taken to the Hospital.

New York, Oct. 19.—Eight sick soldiers belonging to the Sixteenth Pennsylvania were taken off the transport Minnewaska when she arrived here, and were taken to St. Francis hospital, Jersey City.

First Witness Examined.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 19.—The war investigating commission began the examination of witnesses at Jacksonville, using the office room of General Dodge's private car for this purpose. Colonel Louis M. Maus, chief surgeon of the Seventh army corps, was first witness sworn. He said sickness developed very slowly, and there was very little of it until July.

THE CUBAN DEBT.

Spanish Commissioner Give Reasons Why Uncle Sam Should Assume It.

Paris, Oct. 19.—The Gaulois reviews the session of the joint peace commissions, and referring to the delay caused by the difference in the language spoken by the commissioners, adds:

"But, according to the Spaniards, the main cause of the difficulty encountered in the negotiations comes from the lack of conciliation in the attitude of the American commission. It is known in regard to Porto Rico and Cuba that the articles of the protocol are absolutely positive—Spain cedes Porto Rico to the United States and relinquishes sovereignty over Cuba.

"The question of the Cuban debt remains. Upon which power should the onerous obligation of guaranteeing the debt rest?

"Here is where the two commissions differ in their views and neither is inclined to yield. The Spaniards agree on the following lines: When a power annexes territory it is implied that it assumes all the obligations previously of such territory. It is international law, sanctioned by usage and which has always been complied with.

"Thus, when France annexed Savoy, she assumed all the debts contracted by the latter while still an Italian province."

"Lastly, they remind their opponents that Cuba is virtually the key of the Gulf of Mexico, a strategic position of the first order to the United States, and an immense advantage, which calls for some sacrifice upon the part of the Americans.

"To this the latter replied at first that they could not listen to any discussion of the matter of the debt, being under formal instructions from their government. But on the Spanish commission insisting, and in the presence of its very firm attitude, the Americans have taken a more conciliatory attitude, not that they entertain the intention of yielding to Spain's injunctions, but they consent to argue against the Spanish position."

FAVOR SPAIN.

French Newspapers Review the Sessions of the Peace Commissions.

Paris, Oct. 19.—The special pleading in the editorials of the Paris papers affords a fair view of the interest existing here on the behalf of Spain.

La Liberte, referring to the Cuban debt as "now dividing the two countries," says: "The Spanish regard the refusal of the United States to assume the Cuban debt as an exaggerated pretension." Then it points to Spain as pleading for arbitration where the commissions do not agree and says: "The Washington cabinet would not listen to anything. We have already pointed out the abnormal conditions attending the appointment of the American delegates and their impious instructions. Mr. Day and his colleagues are not proper negotiators, but only mandatories, whose work is to carry out precise orders. They have no right to discuss or to make concessions, but simply may announce to the Spanish government the exactness of the United States."

"The American commissioners have formal orders not to lend themselves to any modifications of the conditions of peace and to repel all arbitration.

"Madrid now knows that the effort to induce the United States to assume any part of the Cuban debt or to renounce the Philippines, wholly or in part, was doomed in advance to failure. Spain has nothing to do but to give way nobly to hard laws of war."

IN NO HASTE.

Washington, Oct. 19.—The probabilities are that the army corps will not move to Savannah for some time or until complete arrangements have been made for the camp there. At present the army authorities are looking to the construction of sewers, securing water supply and making the camp as absolutely perfect as possible for occupation by the troops.

TEDDY'S TOUR OF THE COUNTRY.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Colonel Teddy Roosevelt and his special train were greeted with large crowds at every stopping place on the trip through the state. For the first time Teddy attacked the policy of the Democratic party in a speech here.

TO IMPROVE SANTIAGO

Funds Are Sorely Needed For This Gigantic Task.

WILL BE RAISED BY TAXES.

Special Committee Appointed For This Purpose About Ready to Report. Manzanillo Merchants Are Kicking Vigorously.

Santiago, Cuba, Oct. 19.—The special committee preparing a report on the subject of internal revenue is about ready to hand in its conclusions. The money expected from taxes and license is badly needed for city improvements.

Consul Barker has turned over his duties as captain of the port and will proceed to Cienfuegos, there to finish the business connected with his former consulate, which was interrupted by the breaking out of the war. He will remain there probably as captain of the port after the evacuation.

General Wood has asked the post office to report the reason why the mail matter was not ready for the Ward line steamer Santiago when she last touched here.

A number of delegates to the Cuban assembly left for Santa Cruz del Sur.

A committee of three, representing the commercial interests of Manzanillo has arrived here to protest against some of Colonel Ray's appointments there. Lieutenant Colonel Wylie will be sent to Manzanillo to try to straighten out the difference.

The transport Roumanian has reached Manzanillo with the Fourth immune regiment. Colonel Ray will return to Guantanamo, leaving Major Pettit in command.

Fifty-seven guns, mostly of an obsolete type, will go north by the transport Chester. Two handsome rapid fire guns, formerly belonging to the Spanish torpedo boat destroyer Terror, have been received.

MUST SETTLE FIRST.

New York, Oct. 19.—Testimony was taken here before a commissioner appointed by a Baltimore court in proceedings instituted by the first preferred stockholders of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. The stockholders seek to stop the reorganization of the road until certain of their demands have been complied with. One of these is that the interest on their stock, amounting to \$300,000, which has been in default since Aug. 1 last, shall be paid.

LUTHERAN LEAGUE.

New York, Oct. 19.—The biennial convention of the Lutheran League of America is in session here. There were nearly 1,000 delegates present, representing the state leagues of America and Canada. One of the most interesting points of the program of the convention will be the proposal of Bishop von Schoene of Sweden to form an international Lutheran league. It is proposed to hold this international convention in Germany in 1900.

A HEAVY FAILURE.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 19.—An execution was issued by Edward Groetzinger against Adolphus, O. H. and William C. Groetzinger and Adroetzinger & Sons for \$243,862.71. The court has ordered the sheriff to act at once. Edward Groetzinger, the plaintiff, is the extensive carpet dealer on Penn avenue, this city, and the defendants comprise the large tannery firm of A. Groetzinger & Sons, in Allegheny.

SEAMAN IN GREAT PERIL.

Alpena, Mich., Oct. 19.—The crew of six men aboard the schooner Hershel, ashore at Sulphur Island reef, are in the greatest peril. The captain escaped to shore in the yawlboat. The line parted to the yawlboat before the rest of the crew could get into it. The wind was blowing 50 miles an hour and great seas were rolling over the vessel. The tug Frank W. has gone to the rescue of the men.

EMPEROR AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

Constantinople, Oct. 19.—Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria dined at the German embassy. Replying to an address presented by a deputation of the Swiss in Constantinople who are under German protection, the emperor said his policy in Turkish affairs was identical with his grandfathers, which was now bearing good fruit.

FIRES IN A ROUNDHOUSE.

Fredrikton, N. B., Oct. 19.—The roundhouse of the Canadian Eastern railroad at Gibson, N. B., and four locomotives have been destroyed by fire. Loss is estimated at \$60,000.

EXAMINED CHINA'S EMPEROR.

Peking, Oct. 19.—The physician attached to the French legation here visited the Emperor of China for the purpose of making a medical examination of his majesty.

THAT INJUNCTION.

Views of the Court in Issuing a Restraining Order Against Strikers.

Cleveland, Oct. 19.—In granting a "blanket" injunction against the striking wire drawers Judge Hammond of the United States district court said:

"The right of labor is not only a right of property, but of liberty, which every man enjoys in this country as his birthright; the liberty of which we boast is not confined to political rights alone, but extends as well to personal activities in and about one's daily business, be he laborer or capitalist.

"The right which the court enforces by injunction is the same right that lies at the foundation of the strikers' own freedom when they refuse to work on any terms but their own, and it is a right which no person, because he is a striker, can lawfully deny to the so-called "scab," who is entitled to pass freely through the streets and highways to his work.

"The plan of campaign adopted by the strikers was a most substantial exhibition of force by keeping always near the mill large bodies of men, massed and controlled by the leaders if necessary."

To the claim made that the mills were now employing foreigners, the court tersely said that there is no distinction in this country in the legal rights of classes based on race or nationality, and all stand upon an equal footing in this respect.

AN UNUSUAL PROCEEDING.

Washington, Oct. 19.—The officials of the state department expressed a great deal of surprise at the report of the arrest in San Francisco of James Flood. Flood appears to have gotten into difficulty at Kobe, Japan, the charge being embezzlement of bank funds, so far as the department here knows. He started for the United States, and while en route United States Consul Lyon at Kobe notified the state department that he had directed the United States marshal at San Francisco to arrest Flood upon his arrival at that port. This was a very unusual proceeding in view of the fact that the alleged offense was committed in Japan, and the Japanese government had not taken any steps to prosecute Flood. The consul based his action on the allegation that Flood was a fugitive from the consular court at Kobe.

IMPERIAL GERMANS SANCTIFIED.

Constantinople, Oct. 19.—The German imperial yacht Hohenzollern, accompanied by the German warships Hertha and Hecla and the sultan's yacht Izzedin, with the Turkish imperial commission on board, and followed by a number of special steamers chartered by members of the German colony or conveying sightseers, appeared off Old Seraglio point. The guns of Selimich barracks thundered a salut. The Hertha followed with a return salute and the Turkish batteries ashore and the ships off Tophaneh promptly responded.

SUBJECT TO TAX.

Washington, Oct. 19.—The commissioner of internal revenue has received an inquiry as to the taxability of transactions in grain and provisions by members of the board of trade in Chicago before and after the regular board of trade hours in the office of the parties to such transactions, and also at times on the sidewalks and vicinity of the board of trade. The commissioner holds that transactions of this character are subject to tax.

DR. PRICE RESIGNS.

Knoxville, Oct. 19.—The Holston conference of the Methodist Episcopal church south, at Morriston, has endorsed the action of Barbee and Smith, agents, with regard to the war claim. Dr. R. A. Price, editor of the Midland Methodist, who had condemned their action, then resigned. The incident grew out of the charges of fraud in securing \$283,000 damages from the government for the use of the publishing house property during the civil war.

WILL GO TO KENTUCKY.

New York, Oct. 19.—Mrs. Elizabeth Hitchens of Glen Falls, N. Y., who is wanted by the Kentucky police on a charge of stealing \$1,640 from Frank Hurdle of Lexington was arraigned in Center street court. Mrs. Hitchens' counsel said that his client did not wish to make any defense here, but was willing to go back to Kentucky and stand an examination.

SUBJECT OF PRAYER.

Washington, Oct. 19.—This government's assumption of sovereignty over Porto Rico at noon was the subject of an eloquent prayer at the religious services of the Episcopal convention, the bishops and deputies having directed that suitable reference be made to this national event. The prayer was prepared by Bishop Satterlee.

STOLEN BONDS FOUND.

Minneapolis, Oct. 19.—The police found \$51,000 worth of government bonds in an old closet in South Minneapolis. They proved to be all but \$5,000 of the bonds stolen from the Hardwood Manufacturing company some two weeks ago, and had evidently been secreted by the thieves.

SEVEN MUSULMANS HANGED.

Candia, Island of Crete, Oct. 19.

Seven Mussulmans, who were tried and convicted of the murder of British soldiers during the recent outbreak here, were hanged.

HEAVY BANK FAILURE.

Pittsburg German National Unable to Stand the Strain.

ITS DOORS ORDERED CLOSED.

Summary Action Taken at a Meeting of the Board of Directors, Who Issue a Statement—Cause of the Bank's Collapse.

Pittsburg, Oct. 19.—"Upon examination of the books of the German National bank, the directors have decided to close. If the depositors only give us time, we believe that we will pay dollar for dollar. E. H. Myers, president.

The above frank statement was dictated by Mr. Myers at midnight. No cause is assigned, but the reason for the failure at this time of what has for years been generally considered one of the strongest financial institutions in the state, is conceded to be the assignment of the Allegheny tanning firm of A. Groetzinger & Sons.

The directors of the bank have prepared an announcement of the bank's failure.

The connection between the Groetzinger's and the German National bank of Pittsburg was very close, the firm's paper not only being discounted at the bank, but Mr. Adolphus Groetzinger having been a director in the bank for years, and until recently its president.

DOINGS OF THE LUTHER LEAGUE.

New York, Oct. 19.—The presidents of the different state leagues of the Luther league presented their reports for the past year. M. C. Olsen, general secretary, presented a voluminous report of the status of the league in the United States and Canada. W. G. Stover spoke for Pennsylvania, C. F. Peterson for Kansas, F. Springer for Illinois, Rev. Dr. E. K. Bell for Ohio, Rev. W. K. Frick for Wisconsin, Rev. J. A. M. Zeigler for Indiana and Kentucky, Rev. S. R. Elson for Iowa, Rev. Luther M. Kuhns for Nebraska and Professor C. O. Lawrence for South Dakota.

MAN AND WIFE MURDERED.

Kankakee, Ills., Oct. 19.—Emil Chiniquy, 45, a wealthy farmer, and his wife were found murdered at their home in Stanne, 16 miles from Kankakee. Their heads were

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

One month..... 25 | Three months..... 50
Six months..... 100 | One year..... 100
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1898.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

FOR CONGRESS.
MORDECAI WILLIAMS,
of Boyd County.

For Kentucky.—Generally fair, warmer,
south winds.

The Public Ledger, with its wonderful
telegraphic service, failed to give any ac-
count yesterday of the great storm that
swept over the West on Monday, the severest
in twenty-five years,—this early in
the season.

The Dover Messenger tells Republicans
that "it is their patriotic duty to work
and vote for Samuel J. Pugh." A few
months ago, the editor of the Messenger
thought Pugh one of the meanest Repub-
licans living, and was calling on Repub-
licans to defeat him.

The Public Ledger yesterday devoted a
column of its very valuable space to a de-
tailed account of a big bicycle parade at
Chicago in honor of President McKinley.
This big parade was billed to be given on
Monday evening, but was postponed on
account of the severe storm that swept
over the West. The Ledger, however,
palmed off on its readers a "fake" account
of the parade.

The Stars and Stripes were raised over
Porto Rico Tuesday at noon. The Public
Ledger goes to press an hour or so be-
fore noon, but its issue Tuesday con-
tained a "dispatch" from San Juan tell-
ing of the raising of our flag, and that
"national salutes were fired by the
American artillery and the forts." The
Ledger simply palmed off on its readers
a "fake" account of the affair and that
too an hour or so before the event had
transpired.

YESTERDAY, in a conversation, we heard
Hon. R. C. Burns mentioned as a proba-
ble candidate for Appellate Judge of this
district next year.—Ashland News.

Does he belong to the Thomas-Pugh
office-holding and salary-drawing syndi-
cate? If not, it would be useless for him
to aspire to the Appellate Judgeship. Seem-
s to us Judge Thomas and Judge
Pugh gave Mr. Burns the "hot end of the
poker" once upon a time not so very long
ago, in the Congressional convention
down at Augusta. They are probably trying,
through the News, to "work" Burns
and get him in line for the approaching
election.

The Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company
of St. Louis has notified its buyers, among
whom is Mr. Wm. Stiles of this city, that
it will continue to run an independent
factory, notwithstanding all reports as to
the tobacco trust; and that all people
now in the company's employ will be
retained as long as they perform their
work well and faithfully. The company
also notifies its buyers and agents that
they are expected to deal "fairly and
equitably" with the growers and handlers.

Mr. Stiles last year purchased in this
section for his company 750,000 pounds
and the year before 1,150,000 pounds, and
it is a good thing for the growers of the
surrounding country that he is to con-
tinue buying at this point.

The Liggett & Myers Company operates
only one factory but it is a big one and
last year it came within 2,000,000 pounds
of consuming as much leaf as the trust
did with its ten factories. As long as
Liggett & Myers continue to operate an
independent factory the grower is assured
of lively competition for his tobacco.

REV. R. D. HARDING, pastor of the
Bellevue Christian Church, and Miss
Jessie P. Huss, of Shelby County, were
married Monday. The bride is the only
daughter of M. W. Huss, President of the
Shelby County Fair Association, and one
of the wealthiest and most prominent
citizens of the county. The groom first
met his bride while holding a protracted
meeting last year.

INSURE to-day—the unexpected hap-
pens.

EDGAR H. ALEXANDER.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada
E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken
with a bad cold which settled on my
lungs; cough set in and finally terminat-
ed in consumption. Four doctors gave
me up, saying I could live but a short
time. I gave myself up to my Savior,
determined if I could not stay with my
friends on earth, I would meet my absent
ones above. My husband was advised to
get Dr. King's New Discovery for con-
sumption, coughs and colds. I gave it a
trial, took in all eight bottles. It has
cured me, and thank God I am saved
and now a well and healthy woman." Trial
bottles free at J. Jas. Wood's drug
store. Regular size 60c. and \$1. Guar-
anteed or price refunded.

KENTUCKY

Ranks Among Very Foremost of
the Wealth Producing
States.

Has Always Been a Veritable Horn of
Plenty—Her Leading Products
and Her Schools.

"The Empire of the South" is the title
of a volume just published by the South-
ern railway. It contains nearly 200 octa-
vo pages and 400 illustrations. Every
State and every particular interest of the
country east of the Mississippi and south
of the Potomac and Ohio rivers is treated
in a broad and interesting manner. The
author, Frank Peabody, has been for
months engaged in the preparation of
the book, and has had the co-operation
of the officials of the Southern railway.
"It is a volume," says the Lexington
Herald, "which is sure to do the South
an incalculable amount of good. From
advance sheets we have pleasure in quot-
ing from the chapter devoted to Ken-
tucky, which is extensive and compre-
hensive, and covers not only the State's
interest as a whole, but gives an interest-
ing sketch of many of the important
places:

"From the days, over a century ago,
when the hunter's rifle first startled the
timid deer feeding by her rivers, up to
the present time, Kentucky has been a
veritable horn of plenty. The lapsing
years, of course, have seen a change in
the kind of abundance, but never in the
degree. Instead of the roving game that
gave meat in plenty for her pioneers,
there are now herds and flocks and the
sleek thoroughbred, the finest the world
has ever seen. The nuts and fruits of the
forest have been supplanted, or rather
supplemented, for they are still plentiful,
by the rich harvests of fields and the
mellow bounty of orchards. Kentucky
has ever been a synonym of plenty; her
progress it may be truly said has rhythm
to the music of the harvest song.

In 1798 the first trails were being
blazed through her forests; in 1898 3,046
miles of railways gridiron the State, bear-
ing the commerce of 2,000,000 people.
This commerce has grown to a vast ag-
gregate, having an annual value of hun-
dreds of millions of dollars. In its com-
ponent parts are included every crop
raised in America, products of the mine,
forest and factory, and blooded stock
from scores of farms. In the production
and manufacture of tobacco and whisky
Kentucky leads the Union, as she does in
thoroughbreds. In every branch of in-
dustry and production the State's history
for a century shows a reliable return can
be looked for from effort and investment.
This assurance of results is the fact to
which Kentucky proudly points as her
warrant for her invitation to all who de-
sire a sure return from capital or labor.
That her invitation is hearty no one will
doubt, for Kentucky's hospitality is pro-
verbial.

But the State's fame rests not alone
on her record of progress, notable as that
has been. It rests quite as much on the
men and women who have had the privi-
lege, for as such they have always and
everywhere esteemed it, of calling them-
selves Kentuckians.

This State that has been so product-
ive in human and material forces has an
area of 40,000 square miles, or 25,600,000
acres, stretching from east to west nearly
500 miles. The surface is a broken
plain, sloping generally northwest from the
Cumberland Mountains on the south-
east to the Mississippi river on the west.
Flowing on and within her borders
Kentucky has 2,000 miles of navigable
rivers. The Ohio is the trunk line of this
great waterway system, making with its
653 miles of winding the State's north-
ern boundary. Flowing into it are the
Big Sandy, Licking, Kentucky, Salt river,
Tradewater, Green, Cumberland and
Tennessee. Emptying into these rivers
are many smaller ones, the whole making
a network of waterways, which is one of
the State's most valuable natural assets.

In the production of tobacco Ken-
tucky leads all the other States. The
quality is so high that it fixes the stand-
ard in many kinds. Her burley tobacco
is so much superior to that grown else-
where that the State has a virtual monop-
oly of this staple. As indicating the
profits of tobacco culture, crops frequently
average from 1,200 to 1,500 pounds to
the acre, and the choicest leaf frequently
sells at \$30 per 100 pounds. Besides the
burley the dark or heavy types are largely
grown. These do not command so
high a price as the former, but as their
yield is larger their production proves
quite as profitable to the grower.

Kentucky leads the union also in the
production of whisky, having just com-
pleted her first century in its manufac-
ture. The beginning of the industry was
the direct result of the whisky war in
Pennsylvania in 1798. At its close there
was an exodus of distillers over the
mountains to the wilds of Kentucky.
The first distillery was built in what is

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure
cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food
against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest
menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

now Mason County, but when the State
was organized it was a part of Bourbon
County, hence the name given the product
to distinguish it from the Eastern
brand, which was distilled from rye.

It is interesting to note, in this period
of general currency discussion, that in the
early days whisky was the principal
medium of exchange in Kentucky. It
possessed the currency requisites of im-
proving with age, of ready divisibility
and of portability, to say nothing of the
fact that it was in great demand.

As indicating to what dimensions the
industry has grown, the general govern-
ment receives in revenue alone about
\$25,000,000 annually on the Kentucky
product. Measured in money it is the
leading industry in the State, and pays
out every year millions of dollars for
corn, rye and malt, in addition to the
enormous amount to labor. On May 1st,
1898, there were in the distilleries and
bonded warehouses of the State 76,500,
421 gallons of whisky. For the fiscal
year ending June 30, 1897, the production
of bourbon and rye whisky was 17,470,
887 gallons.

The thoroughbred is the third in the
triumvirate of products in which Ken-
tucky leads the Union. The Kentucky
horse is invincible. It is claimed that
there is some subtle quality in the cli-
mate of Kentucky and some peculiar
nutriment in the grasses raised in her
limestone pastures that unite in produc-
ing the perfect horse. Be that as it
may, the fact is fully established that the
blooded horses of the "Blue Grass State"
excel those raised elsewhere in speed,
endurance and beauty.

But Kentucky has not allowed herself
to become engrossed with the creation of
wealth to the exclusion of the cultivation
of the mind. She is generous in her pro-
vision for schools. In 1897 she was pro-
viding instruction for 736,109 of her chil-
dren, for which she was paying over \$3,
000,000. On teachers' salaries alone the
sum reached the large total of \$2,500,000.
At the head of the school system is her
State University at Lexington, with
which the graded schools are federated.
There are also many other institutions of
higher learning, among them being
Georgetown College, Central University,
Center College and the State Agricultural
and Mechanical College.

FRESH oysters at Jno. O'Keefe's.

COLLEGE hats, all shades, at Mrs. L. V.
Davis' to-day.

FIRE INSURANCE.—Pickett & Respress,
successors to Duley & Baldwin.

LIVE stock brought good prices at the
sale of the personality of the late James
M. Tucker.

THE MESSENGER says the Hoffman To-
bacco Co. of Dover lately made a sale of
a lot of very fine cigar leaf tobacco at \$1
a pound.

JACK SHOWALTER, the champion chess
player, has returned to his home near
Georgetown after a sojourn of several
months to Europe.

SUBSCRIBING for the WEEKLY BULLETIN.
Only \$1.50 will pay for the paper to Jan.
1st, 1900. Old subscribers can take ad-
vantage of this offer by paying up all
arrearages and \$1.50 in advance.

LUCIEN BECKNER, of Winchester, is
being urged to become a candidate for
the Democratic nomination for State Su-
perintendent of Public Instruction. He
is the eldest son of W. M. Beckner.

COMPARE my stock with other stocks,
compare my goods with other goods,
compare my prices with other prices; you
will find my stock larger, my goods better
and prices lower by far. Murphy, the
jeweler, will not misrepresent his goods.

THE LADIES' MUSICAL meet Monday
with Miss Blatterman and elected
the following officers for the ensuing
year: Miss Lida Berry, President; Miss
Lida Rogers, Vice President; Miss Har-
riet Johnson, Secretary and Treasurer.

MISSION RIDGE Post, of the Grand Army
of the Republic, at Chattanooga, has peti-
tioned the President to rescind the ap-
pointment of negro officers of volunteer
regiments, declaring that such appoint-
ments are inexpedient and undesirable."

Autumn Outer Garments

We don't pick up such values as these every day. Surely
they'll make our Cloak room your accepted supply source.

For \$5.00, Box Front Coats—Kerseys, Beavers, Cheviots.
Some silk-lined throughout, some half lined; black and colors.

For \$7.50, Tailor-made Kersey Jackets, stitched edges, each
individual garment a gem; black, navy and tans.

For \$3.50, Capes of Australian Astrakan, trimmed in black
Tibet lamb, stylish, warm and comfortable.

COLLARETTES and SCARFS.—Small Furs have their
uses now—splicing out the almost-warm-enough costume with-
out the bunglesomeness of full fur garments. And they don't
cost much—while this little lot is selling. Siberian Martin Col-
larette, nine inches deep, full silk lined, \$2.50. Martin Scarf,
newest shape, four tails, \$5.00.

D. HUNT & SON.

CITY TAXES

1898

Tax receipts for 1898 are now in my hands for col-
lection. On all not paid by the first of November, a
penalty of 10 per cent. will be added.

J. W. FITZGERALD,
CITY TREASURER.

Candy

MADE
FRESH
DAILY.

TRAXEL'S

PERSONAL.

Mr. James K. Lloyd was in Ashland
this week on business.

Miss Dottie Peed, of Millersburg, is
visiting Miss Nannie Peed at Mayfield.

Miss Florence Wadsworth left this
morning for Covington to visit Mrs. Fred
Power.

Messrs. W. H. Wadsworth and A. M.
J. Cochran were in Ashland Monday on
legal business.

Miss Louvora Robbins, of Augusta,
arrived Tuesday, to be the guest of the
Misses Coons, at the Hill House.

Miss Addie Chanslor has returned to
her home at Millersburg after visiting her
sister, Mrs. Frank Armstrong, on Forest
avenue.

Mr. James Smith, father-in-law of
Mr. Daniel Morgan, came over from
Hillsboro, O., to attend the funeral of
Mrs. Julia Morgan yesterday.

Prof. I. S. Kay, wife and son, of
Lewisburg, were guests of Mrs. Robert
Williams of East Second street Thursday.
Master Perkins celebrated his seventh
birthday, by coming in to see "Buffalo
Bill."

Mrs. John Smith and bright little
son Howard, of Owenton, arrived Tues-
day on a visit to Misses Florence and
Anna Frank. Mrs. Smith was formerly
Miss Alice Scott, and made many warm
friends during a previous visit here.

A Frightful Blunder
Will often cause a horrible burn, scald,
cut or bruise. Buckle's Arnica Salve,
the best in the world, will kill the pain
and promptly heal it. Cures old sores,
fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all
skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth.
Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed.
Sold by J. J. Wood & Son, druggists.

For the Farmers.

Bourbon News: "The experiment of
spaying heifers has been largely prac-
ticed with gratifying results in Bourbon,
Nicholas and Montgomery this year. In
these counties Dr. John Jamison, of this
city, has spayed about 850, losing only
four. Of the number 115 were for Cas
Prewitt and ninety-five for Prewitt
Young, of Montgomery, thirty-three for
E. K. Thomas, of North Middletown, and
eighty cows for J. B. Clay & Co., of Nicholas.
Four grade short-horn heifers, owned by
Albert S. Thompson, weighed 2,980
pounds June 8, 1897, before spaying.
Seventeen days after spaying they
weighed 3,050, and on September 2nd
they weighed 3,415, and on November
20th, 3,550. On April 22, 1898, they
weighed 3,750, on August 1st, 4,500, and
on October 6th, 4,010. At time of spaying
they were worth \$3.25 per cwt., and
sold for \$4.60 per cwt. They were sold
with seventy-one steers that brought the
same price.

LOST—Sunday night in the Sixth ward,
a leather pocket-book with small amount of
change and a door key. Finder will please leave
at this office and receive reward.

Advertised Letters.
The following is a list of letters remain-
ing in the postoffice at Maysville, Mason
County, Ky., for the week ending Tues-
day, October 18, 1898:

Baxter, Albert
Conley, Mrs. Mollie
Davis, Miss Flem.
Devine,

THE BEE HIVE.



By having a permanent resident buyer in the East, and by semi-annual visits of one of the members of our firm to the New York market, we avail ourselves of exceptional advantages in purchasing that are bound to prove to your profit. You'll find these "purchasing advantages" particularly well illustrated in our immense Cloak Department. We've collected a stock of

Collarettes, Capes and Jackets...

that for lowness in price, correctness of style and superiority in material and finish we would have no hesitancy in placing alongside of a similar stock in any of the metropolitan stores. Lack of space will not permit us to go into details. Suffice it to say we've a great line of CLOTH CAPES from 69c. to \$16.50; a SEAL PLUSH CAPE, stylishly made, at \$2.49. Prices in Plushes range from \$2.49 to \$20, at easy grades, giving you the very best values to suit your purse. Ladies' and Misses' Jackets in all colors of finest Kersey Cloths, all made to meet the latest requirements of Dame Fashion, at prices ranging from \$2.98 to \$18. We are also showing an exceedingly large assortment of Children's Jackets, Reefers and Infants' Cloaks from 89c. to \$12. Come and inspect, even if you don't want to buy.

ROSENAU BROS.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE BEE HIVE,

KINGS OF LOW PRICES.

SPECIAL REGISTRATION.

Next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday the Days Set Apart by Law.

Next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday October 24, 25 and 26, those who were absent from the city on registration day, voters who were sick and unable to register, and those who were detained at home by the sickness of members of their families, are entitled to register by affidavit at the County Clerk's office.

Every citizen who failed to register because of one of these three reasons should call at the County Clerk's office on one of these three days and have his name enrolled.

In the United States Supreme Court there are twenty-three Kentucky bank tax cases pending. Four are from Owensboro, three from Frankfort and sixteen from Louisville.

To-DAY is Lafayette Day, and the public schools of Maysville are celebrating it by contributing their mite to the fund to erect a National monument to the French patriot. School officials have this year felt that it would not answer for the French school children to surpass ours in *co*esy**. In every school in France the children are contributing funds for a memorial to George Washington. The French Republic thus gives its sanction to his recognition, not only as the Father of his country, but of liberty as well, the Father of Republics.

LEXINGTON has been officially abandoned as one of the army camps established under the order of September 30th last. This order, which has thus been revoked, designated Lexington as "an important depot to which officers of the Subsistence Department are assignable to duty for the purpose of purchasing and shipping subsistence supplies, and directing Major Hugh J. Gallagher, Chief Commissioner of Subsistence, United States Volunteers, to proceed there with his authorized clerk." The order abandoning Lexington substitutes Augusta, Ga., as a supply depot, and Major Gallagher has been ordered there.

In his forecasts for the month Rev. Irl Hicks says: "From about the 17th to 20th look for heavy rains, hail, thunder, wind and possibly tornadoes southward. A high barometer will rush down from the northwest, causing sleet and snow on the northwest tangent; and winding up much of the country with a very severe dash of early winter. A general cool wave will end this period, being quite sharp northward and bringing the temperature down to frost line quite far into the Southern States. Very marked storm conditions will appear to the West about the 29th, and as these conditions move eastward during 30th and 31st heavy autumnal storms will touch both sections of the country." Mr. Hicks called the turn on the weather this week.

Y. M. C. A.

Reception to the New General Secretary, Mr. Baker, Next Friday Evening.

The ladies of the Y. M. C. A. committee, assisted by the Board of Directors, will give a reception to the new Secretary of the association on Friday evening, the 21st, at 8 o'clock, in the association rooms. Some of Maysville's best musicians will give their choicest selections, and a cordial invitation to the public is extended.

House Cleaning

Is made easier by a good chamois skin and sponge. The largest stock in Maysville to select from, at Chenoweth's drug store.

MR. C. W. HALL and Miss Minnie Chunn, of this city, were married Tuesday at Covington.

New breakfast food and oats—Calhoun.

THE ODDFELLOWS' HALL CLOTHING STORE!

Why
So Many
Buy here, and You
Should Too---

Because we have gained a reputation for selling only good Clothing and at moderate prices. You see more styles and better values at our house than any other in the State. That may seem strange, but it's true, just the same. People tell us so, and they know.

OUR FALL and WINTER STOCK OF CLOTHING

for men, boys and children is the largest we ever had. It matters not what you want, we can fill the bill.

The same can be said of our FURNISHING GOODS department. In this department you find the good and durable moderate price goods up to the very best made.

Our..... Shoe Department:

has quickly grown to be a feature in our business. Like in all our other lines we handle only the very best makes. Every pair of Shoes we sell we guarantee to wear all right. Look in our show window and you will see just what you want in the way of a nice pair of Shoes.

Hechingher & Co.

Notice!

We have moved our entire business to the plant formerly occupied by the Maysville Carriage Company, adjoining the new opera house. We now have one of the best arranged houses in the State. In addition to our already established lines of business we will manufacture a high grade of Buggies, Carriages and Phaetons. Will make a specialty of RUBBER TIRED wheels and all kinds of Carriage Repairing and Painting at Reasonable prices. We extend a hearty welcome to our friends and the public in general to call and see us in our new quarters when in need of anything in our line. Will take great pleasure in showing them through our stock. We employ only first-class mechanics and guarantee all work.

THOMPSON & McATEE.

Lots of people (good judges of goods, too) after carefully surveying the field, return to the

NEW YORK STORE

of HAYS & CO to make their purchase. We can show you a brand new line of JACKETS, CAPES, FUR COLLARETTES. Everything new and up to date—nothing left over from last year; no cheap stuff.

A Wool Cloth Cape at \$1.50, worth \$3.

Seal Plush Capes at \$2.25, worth \$4.

See our \$4 Seal Plush Cape, worth \$7.

Finest Seal Plush Cape made, \$12, sells anywhere for \$15.

JACKETS

See our \$4 Jacket; other dealers that sell on credit ask \$8 for it. We have a very swell Jacket in blue, tan, etc., marked in other places \$15; we sell them at \$9.50. Come and see them.

FUR COLLARETTES.

We positively will undersell any store and give you better value for your money.

Fur Collarettes from \$1.25 up to \$10.

COMFORTS and BLANKETS.

Blankets, good ones 45c.

Extra large Blankets at 85c.

Comforts from 40 cents up to \$2.

HAYS & CO.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old-time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well-informed. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

Mr. W. E. Fite, of Louisville, and Miss Fannie Biggers, of Minerva, will be married to-day at the home of the bride. The groom formerly taught school at Minerva and also at Augusta. While at the latter place he was sued by his first wife for divorce, the decree afterwards being granted by the Bracken Circuit Court.

The firm of Wells & Huff, the liverymen, has been dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Huff retiring. Mr. Wells will continue the business at the old stand on Market street. Persons indebted to the firm are requested to call on Mr. Wells and settle and those having claims against the firm will present them to him for payment. See notice elsewhere.

The beautiful country home of Mr. Selden Bramel last Sunday was filled with guests who were assembled to partake of an elegant dinner, and meet the lovely and accomplished little bride, (Maggie Brooks Strode,) who surprised her many friends by becoming the wife of Mr. Will Turner Bramel at Cincinnati, last Thursday. Only a few friends were present, the guests being mostly relatives of the bride and groom. Among those present were Prof. Kay and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Strode and daughter, Miss Dudley, Mr. W. Lindsey and wife, Prof. King and sister and the Misses Dobyns.

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Batteries, America's greatest blood and nerve remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by J. J. Wood & Son, druggists.

Call and See

& THE NEW...

DINNER

....AND....

TOILET WARE

...AT...

BROWN'S

CHINA PALACE,

40 West Second Street.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The firm of Wells & Huff has been dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Huff retiring. Those knowing themselves indebted to the firm will please call on H. G. Wells and settle, and those having claims against the firm will present them to him for payment.

The business will be continued at the old stand on Market street by H. G. Wells.

H. G. WELLS,
SAMUEL HUFF.

The Maysville Assembly will meet tonight at 7 o'clock in Prof. Waller's school room. A full attendance is desired.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you need Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by J. J. Wood & Son, druggists.

How Snake Poison Kills.

The action of poisons upon the system is and always has been one of the most interesting of subjects. Just how and why it kills has been determined through a series of experiments made by scientists. The following description is unquestionably the best and most lucid of any that has been given to the public: "The venom may be roughly separated into two parts—one acting upon the blood, and the other upon the nerves. When injected, it immediately begins to create terrible destruction in the blood vessels, the walls of the veins are eaten away and the internal hemorrhage takes place. While this is going on a portion of the venom is attacking the nerves. Particularly susceptible to its ravages is the 'vasomotor' system, a nerve center which controls the muscles of respiration. Paralysis takes place in these organs, and the victim generally dies from an inability to breathe."—New York Ledger.

A Stingy Princess.

A much talked of princess of Europe is Mathilde, niece of King Albert of Saxony. In addition to being lacking in personal charms, she is said to be exceedingly stingy, wearing the commonest apparel in order to save a few cents. All seasons find her clothed in the cheapest and nglest of garments, and it is asserted that she has but one costume in which she is fit to be seen at court. Notwithstanding her large income, she dreads to part with any portion of it for any purpose whatever, and haggles over every purchase she makes. Years ago she was to have been married to Randolph of Austria, and the engagement was announced, but when he saw her he fled to Vienna, and poor Mathilde dropped into the ranks of Europe's unmarriageable princesses, becoming stinger than ever.

CUBAN NEWS.

Eight People Killed During a Storm and Property Damaged.

Havana, Oct. 19.—Advices received here from Trinidad, province of Santa Clara, say that great damage has been caused there by the recent storm.

Many houses were swept away, eight people were killed and many cattle drowned.

The designs for the Spanish bronze medal commemorating the blockade of Havana has been selected. It bears the motto "Charitas Civitas."

The central telephone station here was burned in the midst of tremendous rainstorm. The electric light wires crossed the telephone wires.

For a time the flames driven by the wind threatened to destroy the adjoining building, which is occupied by the newspaper La Lucha.

Church and the People.

Battle Creek, Mich., Oct. 19.—A civic philanthropic conference opened here, Mayor Curtis presiding. The president's address was presented by Rev. David J. Burrell, D. D., pastor of the Collegiate Reform church of New York city, on the subject of "God and the People." The doctor expressed the opinion that the church should give more attention to political reform. The conference will continue for a week.

Russia Will Support France.

Paris, Oct. 19.—The forthcoming visit of the Russian foreign minister, Count Muravieff, to Paris will be undertaken on the instructions of Emperor Nicholas in order personally to congratulate the French foreign ministry, M. Delcasse, upon the firmness he has shown in the Fashoda affair and to arrange as to the manner in which Russia can give her support most effectively.

Government Industrial Commission.

Washington, Oct. 19.—The government industrial commission organized by electing Senator Kyle, chairman; ex-Representative Philips of Pennsylvania, first vice chairman; Representative Gardner of New Jersey, second vice chairman, and J. M. Farquhar of Buffalo, temporary secretary. It was decided to adjourn till the middle of November.

Echo of the Blizzard.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 19.—A strong wind still blows, causing more or less damage. The wires so badly demoralized west and north have been only partially restored. Great damage to cattle is believed to have been done.

Charged With Forgery.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 19.—Will W. Davless, a former real estate dealer of this city, but now of Cincinnati, is wanted here on a charge of alleged forgery, two warrants having been sworn out against him. The amount involved is about \$2,000.

Imports From Germany.

Berlin, Oct. 19.—During the last quarter the northern half of Germany has exported to America \$11,247,380 of merchandise, an increase of \$3,910,835 compared with the same period of 1897.

Severe Weather Continues.

London, Oct. 19.—Terrific weather continues to prevail on the south and east coast of Great Britain. The mail service between Dover and Calais has been interrupted.

He Will Guard the Emperor.

Berlin, Oct. 19.—Police Detective Commissioner Wittmer has been dispatched to the Orient for the special protection of Emperor William of Germany.

Ohio Soldier Dies.

New York, Oct. 19.—Frank Redding, private, company C, Eighth Ohio, died at Bellevue hospital of typhoid fever.

Passengers All Rescued.

Portland, Or., Oct. 19.—The river steamer T. J. Potter, which left Portland at midnight for Astoria, collided with the steamer G. W. Shaver, bound from Clatskanie, off Martyr's Island, in the Columbia river. A heavy fog prevailed. The Potter struck the Shaver on the port side forward of the engine room, and in about eight minutes the Shaver sank. There were 25 passengers on the Shaver, including a number of women and children. All were rescued.

Prison Reformers.

Indianapolis, Oct. 19.—At the session of the National Prison Association. A committee on place of meeting favored Hartford, Conn., for next year. One member favored holding the convention at New Orleans, urging that the laws in Louisiana had thrown the prison affairs of the state into confusion and that the presence of the association might bring about a change for the better there.

A Big Reward Offered.

Paris, Oct. 19.—The Dowager Duchess of Sutherland has offered a reward of \$20,000 for the recovery of the jewels, said to be valued at \$150,000, which she lost on board a steamer bound for Calais while on her way to London. The jewelry includes a necklace valued at \$22,000.

Delegate to London Chosen.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—At the meeting of the Free Methodist conference, which is in session in this city, the delegates elected B. R. Roberts of Shesbrough Seminary, New York, to represent the conference at the great assembly at London in 1901.

May Prove Fatal.

Omaha, Oct. 19.—At South Omaha in a pugilistic bout Billy Walker was knocked out by Andy Dupont of Kansas City. Walker has not regained consciousness, and it is thought he will die. Dupont has not yet been arrested.

Three Children Burned.

L'Anse, Mich., Oct. 19.—Three children of Michael Anderson, aged 2, 4 and 6 years, respectively, were burned to death at Pequaming. Their house caught fire while the father was away and the mother was out milking.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Oct. 18.

New York.

Beef—Family, \$11 00@12 00; extra mess, \$8 00@8 75; packed, \$8 00@10 50. Cut meats—Picked bellies, 64@72¢; pickled shoulders, 4@4¢; pickled hams, 7@8¢. Lard—Western steam, \$6 45. Pork—Old messes, \$11 75@12 25.

Butter—Western dairy, 14@18¢; creamy, 14@18¢; do factory, 11@14¢. Cheese—Large white, 8@8 1/2¢; small do, 8@8 1/2¢; large colored, 8@8 1/2¢; small do, 8@8 1/2¢. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 11@12¢; western fresh, 17¢.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 75¢. Corn—No. 2, 38¢. Oats—No. 2, 28¢.

Chicago.

Cattle—Beefes, \$8 00@4 75; cows and beefers, \$2 00@4 70; westerns, \$3 60@4 60. Stockers and feeders, \$3 10@4 60.

Hogs—Light, \$3 55@3 95; mixed, \$3 50@3 95; heavy, \$3 45@3 95; rough, \$3 45@3 95; 20@3 95; Yorkers, \$3 85@3 95.

Sheep and Lambs—Common to prime sheep, \$2 75@4 75; lambs, \$1 00@4 40; western feeders, \$3 85@4 25; rams, \$3 00@3 75; inferior to prime lambs, \$3 80@3 65; rangers, \$5 00@5 05; feeders, \$4 80@5 25.

Wheat—05¢. Corn—3¢. Oats—22¢.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, \$5 20@5 30; good, \$4 90@5 10; tidy butchers, \$4 70@4 85; fair, \$4 30@4 65; heifers, \$3 60@4 50; bulls, stags and cows, \$3 00@5 00. Calves—\$7 00@7 50.

Hogs—Prime, medium, \$3 90@3 95; heavy Yorkers, \$3 85@3 90; common to fair, \$3 80@3 85; heavy hogs, \$3 90@3 95; pigs, \$3 60@3 75.

Sheep and Lambs—Choice sheep, \$4 05@4 75; good, \$4 50@4 60; fair, \$4 30@4 40; choice lambs, \$4 70@5 05; common to good, \$4 00@5 00.

Cleveland.

Hogs—Yorkers, \$3 75; mediums, \$3 85; heavies, \$3 90; pigs, \$2 00@3 40; stags and rams, \$2 50@3 10.

Sheep and Lambs—Best lambs, \$5 40@5 50; good, \$5 00@5 25; yearlings, \$4 25@4 50.

Cattle—Choice heavy steers, \$4 60@4 75; fair quality, \$4 40@4 50; choice lighter steers, \$4 30@4 50; fair quality, \$4 10@4 25; fat cows, \$3 00@3 50; bulls, \$3 00@3 50. Calves—Best, \$7 00@7 50; good, \$6 00@6 50.

Buffalo.

Cattle—Butchers', \$4 50@4 65; shipping, \$4 75@5 00; tops, \$5 30@5 45; cows and heifers, \$3 75@4 25; stockers and feeders, \$3 75@4 25. Calves—\$7 00@7 75.

Hogs—Yorkers, \$3 85@3 92¢; mediums, \$3 80@3 90; heavy, \$4 00.

Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice lambs, \$5 00@5 75; fair to good, \$5 25@4 30; rams, \$5 00@5 25; fat cows, \$3 80@3 85; bulls, \$3 00@3 50.

Calves—Best, \$7 00@7 50; good, \$6 00@6 50.

Greenwood.

Green coffee—new crop, \$12 40@15.

Molasses—new crop, \$10 00@12.

Golden Syrup—\$10 00@12.

Sorghum, fancy new—\$10 00@12.

Sugar—Yellow, \$10 00@12.

A. & B. C. P. 10 00@12.

Granulated, \$10 00@12.

Powdered, \$10 00@12.

New Orleans, \$10 00@12.

TEAS—\$10 00@12.

COAL OIL—Headlight, \$10 00@12.

BACON—Breakfast, \$10 00@12.

Cleardise, \$10 00@12.

Hams, \$10 00@12.

Shoulder, \$10 00@12.

BEANS—25¢.

BUTTER—\$10 00@12.

CHICKENS—Each—\$10 00@12.

EGGS—\$10 00@12.

FLOUR—Line, \$10 00@12.

Old Gold, \$10 00@12.

Maryville Fancy, \$10 00@12.

Monroe Fancy, \$10 00@12.

Morgan Fancy, \$10 00@12.

Roller Kid, \$10 00@12.

Magnolia, \$10 00@12.

Sea Foam, \$10 00@12.

Graham, \$10 00@12.

ONIONS—\$10 00@12.

POTATOES—\$10 00@12.

HONEY—\$10 00@12.

GREEN COFFEE—\$12 40@15.

MOLASSES—new crop, \$10 00@12.

Golden Syrup—\$10 00@12.

Sorghum, fancy new—\$10 00@12.

SUGAR—Yellow, \$10 00@12.

A. & B. C. P. 10 00@12.

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